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Section on Neonatal-Perinatal Medicine

ARTICLES OF INTEREST – April 2020

Therapeutic hypothermia for hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy after perinatal sentinel events: less brain injury on MRI and improved neurodevelopmental outcome at 18-36 months.

Grass B, El Shahed A, Ly LG, et al. J Perinatol.

The authors studied the association between perinatal sentinel events (PSE) and brain MRI/neurodevelopmental outcomes in neonates with hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy (HIE) receiving therapeutic hypothermia (TH). This retrospective single-center study evaluated perinatal history, brain MRI, and neurodevelopmental outcomes in 182 neonates with 53 (29%) and without PSE and 129 (71%). Neonates with PSE had more normal MRIs (76%) compared with neonates without PSE (55%). Neonates with HIE receiving TH after PSE had less severe injury on brain MRI after rewarming, and improved motor and language outcomes at 18-36 months.

<u>COVID19 during pregnancy: a systematic review of reported cases</u> Della Gatta AN, Rizzo R, Pilu G, et al. Am J Obstet Gynecol.

The authors conducted a systematic review of the outcomes reported for pregnant patients with COVID 19 diagnosed with nucleic acid test. They identified 6 studies including 51 women, of which 46 were delivered via cesarean section and 2 vaginally while there was 1 stillbirth, 1 neonatal death, and 1 patient who remained pregnant. They concluded that although vertical transmission has not been confirmed, elective cesarean is common and may not be warranted.

Nanoparticle delivery of proangiogenic transcription factors into the neonatal circulation inhibits alveolar simplification caused by hyperoxia

Bolte C, Ustiyan V, Ren X, et al. Am J Respir Crit Care Med.

Given the potential protective role of VEGF in BPD, the authors investigated the potential for nanoparticle delivery of the downstream VEGF targets, FOXM1 and FOXF1, to improve lung structure and function in mouse BPD model. They found that nanoparticle delivery of either FOXM1 or FOXF1 did not protect endothelial cells from apoptosis caused by hyperoxia but increased proliferation and angiogenesis. FOXM1 and FOXF1 improved elastin organization, decreased alveolar simplification and preserved lung function into adulthood. They speculate that delivery of proangiogenic transcription factors may be a promising therapy for BPD.

Reduced antibiotic exposure by serial physical examinations in term neonates at risk of early-onset sepsis

Vatne A, Klingenberg C, Øymar K, et al. Pediatr Infect Dis J.

Using a quality-improvement model, the authors used serial physical exams to safely reduce early antibiotic exposure in a group of neonates ≥37 weeks. The baseline period followed NICE guidelines and used antibiotics for 36-48 hours for any perinatal risk factor, clinical signs of sepsis, or elevated CRP. The post-implementation period required hourly physical exams by nurses for the first 24-48 hours. Antibiotics were started if the infant had specific "mild" symptoms that lasted >2-4 hours, developed specific "alarming" symptoms, or became clinically ill in the judgement of the neonatologist. Pre- and post-implementation periods each had >8000 infants with equal rates of culture positive sepsis. Culturenegative sepsis, exposure to antibiotics, NICU admissions, days of antibiotic exposure, and number of CRPs collected were all significantly reduced. Median time to start antibiotics in EOS cases was also reduced from 14 to 7 hours. Mortality, meningitis, and restarting antibiotics were not different. They conclude that serial physical exam in term neonates reduced the burden of antibiotic exposure by 57%, without delay of antibiotic treatment of infected neonates or sepsis-related mortality.

<u>Sustained inflation vs standard resuscitation for preterm infants a systematic review and meta-analysis</u> Foglia EE, Te Pas AB, Kirpalani H, et al. JAMA Pediatr.

This is a systematic review and meta-analysis of sustained inflation vs. intermittent PPV/CPAP in preterm infants. 9 RCTs (1406 patients) were included that compared sustained inflation >5s to standard resuscitation in preterm infants <37 weeks. There was no difference in the primary outcome, death before hospital discharge, in either total analysis or any gestational age subgroup. Sustained inflation was associated with increased risk of death in the 1st 2 days (risk difference, 3.1%; 95%CI, 0.9%-5.3%), especially in the youngest infants, 23-24 6/7 weeks; this finding was heavily influenced by the SAIL trial that made up 30% of the patients in this meta-analysis. Subgroup analysis shows little evidence additional harm or benefit from sustained inflation. The authors conclude the findings do not support the routine use of sustained inflation for preterm births.

Effect of prebiotic and probiotic supplementation on neurodevelopment in preterm very low birth weight infants: findings from a meta-analysis

Upadhyay RP, Taneja S, Chowdhury R, et al. Pediatr Res.

This article reviews the effect of prebiotic and/or probiotic supplementation in preterm VLBW infants on their neurodevelopmental outcomes. Seven RCTs were included for review. All, except one, were done in preterms <33 weeks of gestation with outcomes analyzed at ≥18-22 months of corrected age. Interventions did not decrease or increase the risk of cognitive and motor impairment, cerebral palsy, visual, and hearing impairment. The review concludes that the quality of evidence was low to very low, and limited evidence from RCTs does not demonstrate a difference in neurodevelopmental outcomes between prebiotic/probiotic treated and untreated control groups.

<u>Placental pathology and neonatal brain MRI in a randomized trial of erythropoietin for hypoxic—ischemic encephalopathy</u>

Wu YW, Goodman AM, Chang T, et al. Pediatr Res.

The authors report a phase II clinical trial ancillary study correlating placental abnormalities with MRI brain injury and response to erythropoietin treatment in newborns with moderate/severe encephalopathy who received hypothermia. Placental abnormalities were seen in 54% (19/35) patients. MRI subcortical injury was less common in neonates with placental abnormality (26 vs 69%, p=0.02). Erythropoietin treatment was associated with a lower global brain injury score (median 2.0 vs. 11.5, P =

0.003). The study concluded that Erythropoietin treatment was associated with less brain injury only in patients whose placentas exhibited no chronic histologic changes.

Randomised trial of cord clamping at very preterm birth: outcomes at 2 years

Armstrong-Buisseret L, Powers K, Dorling J, et al. Arch Dis Child Fetal Neonatal Ed.

This study evaluated 218 infants at 8 UK tertiary facilities expected to be born before 32+0 weeks gestation who were available for follow-up at 2 years of age. Neonates were randomized to receive either deferred cord clamping (≥2 min) and immediate neonatal care with cord intact or immediate clamping (≤20 sec) and immediate neonatal care after clamping. Of the group randomized to deferred clamping, 24/115 (21%) children died or had an adverse neurodevelopmental outcome compared with 35/103 (34%) randomized to immediate clamping; risk ratio (RR) 0.61 (95% CI 0.39 to 0.96); risk difference (RD) -13% (95% CI -25% to -1%). The authors concluded that for children born very premature, deferred clamping with immediate neonatal care with cord intact may reduce the risk of death or adverse neurodevelopmental outcome at 2 years of age.

<u>Neurodevelopmental outcomes of neonates randomized to morphine or methadone for treatment of</u> neonatal abstinence syndrome

Czynski AJ, Davis JM, Dansereau LM, et al. J Pediatr.

In this randomized controlled trial, the authors investigated the effects of pharmacological treatment of neonatal abstinence syndrome on neurodevelopmental outcome. 116 infants from 8 sites with prenatal methadone or bupremorphine exposure received either morphine or methadone and neurodevelopmental outcomes were assessed at discharge and at 18 months. While no differences were noted in primary analyses, infants on adjunctive phenobarbital had lower Bayley Scales of Infant and Toddler Development scores and more behavior problems on the Child behavior checklist (CBCL) at 18 months. Internalizing and total behavior problems were associated with use of pheonbarbital, maternal psychological distress and infant medical problems, while externalizing problems were associated with maternal psychological distress and continued maternal substance use. The authors concluded that similar outcomes were noted with morphine or methadone treatment, while need for phenobarbital, overall health of the infant, and postnatal caregiving environment could affect neurodevelopmental outcomes.

<u>Delayed achievement of oral feedings is associated with adverse neurodevelopmental outcomes at 18 to</u> 26 months follow-up in preterm infants

Lainwala S, Kosyakova N, Power K, et al. Am J Perinatol.

This was a retrospective study comparing neurodevelopmental outcomes in 372 preterm infants <32 wks GA at 18-26 month corrected age, who either did or did not achieve full oral feeds by 40 weeks PMA. Achievement of full oral feedings was defined as oral intake >130 mL/kg/d for >72 hours by 40 weeks PMA. Incidence of cognitive, language, or motor delay, or cerebral palsy at 18 to 26 months CA was compared in multivariable analyses. The authors reported that those achieving full oral feedings had lower incidence of any adverse neurodevelopmental outcome and specifically, decreased odds of cognitive, language, and motor delays as well as cerebral palsy. They suggest that inability to fully feed orally at 40 weeks PMA could be used as a simple marker for adverse neurodevelopmental outcomes.

COVID-19

Vertical transmission of coronavirus disease 19 (COVID-19) from infected pregnant mothers to neonates: a review

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32238084

Clinical characteristics and risk assessment of newborns born to mothers with COVID-19 https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32302955

COVID19 during pregnancy: a systematic review of reported cases

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32311350

Pediatrics

The infantile hemangioma referral score: a validated tool for physicians

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32161112

Predicting school-aged cognitive impairment in children born very preterm

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32144122

Breastfeeding initiation, duration, and supplementation among Mexican-origin women in Texas

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32188643

Validation of a prediction rule for mortality in congenital diaphragmatic hernia

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32139379

Pediatricians are perfectly positioned to help mothers reach their breastfeeding goals

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32188644

Evidence-based updates on the first week of exclusive breastfeeding among infants ≥35 weeks

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32161111

STEPP IN: working together to keep infants warm in the perioperative period

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32193210

Journal of Pediatrics

Implications of atrial-level shunting by echocardiography in newborns with congenital diaphragmatic hernia

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32014282

Mortality and neurodevelopmental outcomes in the heart rate characteristics monitoring randomized controlled trial

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32033793

Randomized controlled trial of bovine lactoferrin for prevention of sepsis and neurodevelopment impairment in infants weighing less than 2000 grams

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32037149

Acute kidney injury during treatment with intravenous acyclovir for suspected or confirmed neonatal herpes simplex virus infection

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32037154

Performance of pediatric systemic inflammatory response syndrome and organ dysfunction criteria in late-onset sepsis in a quaternary neonatal intensive care unit: a case-control study

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32037153

Early hyperbilirubinemia in neonates with down syndrome

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32014279

Neurodevelopmental outcomes of neonates randomized to morphine or methadone for treatment of neonatal abstinence syndrome

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31987653

Behavior profiles at 2 years for children born extremely preterm with bronchopulmonary dysplasia https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32008764

Longitudinal analysis of ventilation perfusion mismatch in congenital diaphragmatic hernia survivors https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31704054

Inhaled nitric oxide is associated with improved oxygenation in a subpopulation of infants with congenital diaphragmatic hernia and pulmonary hypertension

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31706636

Standardizing safety assessment and reporting for neonatal clinical trials

https://www.jpeds.com/article/S0022-3476(19)31295-8/fulltext

Medication utilization at school age for children born preterm

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31910993

Predictors of mortality after primary discharge from hospital in patients with esophageal atresia https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31952847

Pediatric Research

Effect of prebiotic and probiotic supplementation on neurodevelopment in preterm very low birth weight infants: findings from a meta-analysis

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30353041/

Free radicals and neonatal encephalopathy: mechanisms of injury, biomarkers, and antioxidant treatment perspectives

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31655487

Lyophilization of human amniotic fluid is feasible without affecting biological activity

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31756731

The fundamental building blocks of cortical development are established in human exencephaly https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31783397

Sex-specific relationships between early nutrition and neurodevelopment in preterm infants https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31783398/

Placental pathology and neonatal brain MRI in a randomized trial of erythropoietin for hypoxic—ischemic encephalopathy

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31261373/

Impact of multiple placental pathologies on neonatal death, bronchopulmonary dysplasia, and neurodevelopmental impairment in preterm infants

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31812153

Circulating growth-and-differentiation factor-15 in early life: relation to prenatal and postnatal growth and adiposity measurements

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31645058

Predicting intestinal recovery after necrotizing enterocolitis in preterm infants

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31649338

Changepoint analysis of gestational age and birth weight: proposing a refinement of Diagnosis Related Groups

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31715621/

Microbial invasion of the amniotic cavity is associated with impaired cognitive and motor function at school age in preterm children

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31711067

Early prediction of unilateral cerebral palsy in infants at risk: MRI versus the hand assessment for infants https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31722367

Surfactant and budesonide for respiratory distress syndrome: an observational study

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31715622

Retinol-binding protein 4, fetal overgrowth and fetal growth factors

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31785592

Lactobacilli-dominated cervical microbiota in women with preterm prelabor rupture of membranes https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31791041

Supplement:

Cranial ultrasound by neonatologists (PDF)

https://www.nature.com/articles/s41390-020-0779-8.pdf

Review: State-of-the-art neonatal cerebral ultrasound: technique and reporting (PDF)

https://www.nature.com/articles/s41390-020-0776-y.pdf

Review: Cranial ultrasound findings in preterm germinal matrix haemorrhage, sequelae and outcome (PDF)

https://www.nature.com/articles/s41390-020-0780-2.pdf

Review: Ultrasound of acquired posterior fossa abnormalities in the newborn (PDF)

https://www.nature.com/articles/s41390-020-0778-9.pdf

Review: Preterm white matter injury: ultrasound diagnosis and classification (PDF)

https://www.nature.com/articles/s41390-020-0781-1.pdf

Systematic review: Diagnostic and predictive value of Doppler ultrasound for evaluation of the brain circulation in preterm infants: a systematic review (PDF)

https://www.nature.com/articles/s41390-020-0777-x.pdf

The development and validation of a cerebral ultrasound scoring system for infants with hypoxic-ischaemic encephalopathy (PDF)

https://www.nature.com/articles/s41390-020-0782-0.pdf

Archives of Disease in Childhood - Fetal & Neonatal Edition

A time for hope: guidelines for the perinatal management of extremely preterm birth

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32156712

Perinatal management of extreme preterm birth before 27 weeks of gestation: a framework for practice https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31980443

Recommendations in the face of uncertainty: should extremely preterm infants receive chest compressions and/or epinephrine in the delivery room?

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31980444

Burden of hypoxia and intraventricular haemorrhage in extremely preterm infants

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31256012

Tidal volumes at birth as predictor for adverse outcome in congenital diaphragmatic hernia

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31256011

Volume-targeted ventilation with a Fabian ventilator: maintenance of tidal volumes and blood CO2

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31285225

Observational study of cytomegalovirus from breast milk and necrotising enterocolitis

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31326920

Short-term rate of milk synthesis and expression interval of preterm mothers

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31296697

Association of small for gestational age with retinopathy of prematurity: a systematic review and metaanalysis

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31326921

Feasibility of automated insulin delivery guided by continuous glucose monitoring in preterm infants https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31399480

Effect of monitor positioning on visual attention and situation awareness during neonatal resuscitation: a randomised simulation study

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31375503

Randomised trial of cord clamping at very preterm birth: outcomes at 2 years

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31371434

Thrombosis after umbilical venous catheterisation: prospective study with serial ultrasound

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31391204

Behavioural outcome in twin-twin transfusion syndrome survivors treated with laser surgery

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31371433

Deferred consent for delivery room studies: the providers' perspective

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31427459

Using intermittent pulse oximetry to guide neonatal oxygen therapy in a low-resource context

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31462405

Initiating resuscitation before umbilical cord clamping in infants with congenital diaphragmatic hernia: a pilot feasibility trial

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31462406

Consensus outcome rating for international neonatal resuscitation guidelines

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30926715

Crying and breathing by new-born preterm infants after early or delayed cord clamping

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31085675

Postnatally acquired cytomegalovirus infection in extremely premature infants: how best to manage?

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31615830

Letter: Patent ductus arteriosus closure: why same-dose oral ibuprofen is superior to intravenous

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31586941

Letter: Prognostic value of prenatally detected small or absent fetal stomach with particular reference to oesophageal atresia

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31744858

Desmoid tumour: rare presentation following neonatal lumbar puncture

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32029529

Bilateral chest wall mesenchymal hamartomas masquerading as fetal hydrops in utero

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32041721

Intraperitoneal infiltration of total parenteral nutrition related to a peripherally inserted central catheter in the saphenous vein

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31822481

Journal of Perinatology

Risk-adjusted/neuroprotective care services in the NICU: the elemental role of the neonatal therapist (OT, PT, SLP)

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31992820

Point-of-care ultrasound use in umbilical line placement: a review

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31758061

Umbilical venous catheter insertion depth estimation using birth weight versus surface measurement formula: a randomized controlled trial

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31383945

Umbilical catheter-associated complications in a level IV neonatal intensive care unit

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31911645

Risk factors for peripherally inserted central catheter complications in neonates

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31911643

Current training in percutaneously inserted central catheter (PICC) placement and maintenance for neonatal—perinatal medicine fellows

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31932714

Nasal-tragus length for estimating optimal insertion depth of endotracheal tube in Thai neonates https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31558806

Neonatal intensive care unit incubators reduce language and noise levels more than the womb https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32020037

Natriuretic peptides in bronchopulmonary dysplasia: a systematic review

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31925319

Timing of postnatal steroids for bronchopulmonary dysplasia: association with pulmonary and neurodevelopmental outcomes

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32020038

Urinary NT-proBNP as a potential noninvasive biomarker for screening of pulmonary hypertension in preterm infants: a pilot study

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31911650

Therapeutic hypothermia for hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy after perinatal sentinel events: less brain injury on MRI and improved neurodevelopmental outcome at 18–36

months, https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32051541

Prenatal selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors and therapeutic hypothermia for suspected hypoxic ischemic encephalopathy

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31767980

Preterm infant feeding performance at term equivalent age differs from that of full-term infants https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32066844

Optimizing individual nutrition in preterm very low birth weight infants: double-blinded randomized controlled trial

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32071367

Macronutrient analysis of donor human milk labelled as 24 kcal/oz

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32071366

Prevalence and predictors of donor milk programs among U.S. advanced neonatal care facilities https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32103161

A multidisciplinary quality improvement effort to reduce bronchopulmonary dysplasia incidence https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31907398

Neonatology

Commentary on "Frenotomy for tongue-tie in newborn infants"

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31112986

Commentary on "Pulse oximetry screening for critical congenital heart defects"

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31132770

Randomised controlled trials for informing perinatal care

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31137030

Developmental differences in platelet inhibition response to prostaglandin E1

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31786577

Early versus delayed fortification of human milk in preterm infants: a systematic review

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31326969

Early predictors for INtubation-SURfactant-Extubation failure in preterm infants with neonatal

respiratory distress syndrome: a systematic review

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31437836

An overview of systematic reviews of randomized-controlled trials for preventing necrotizing enterocolitis in preterm infants

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31838477

Reduced cerebellar size at term-equivalent age is related to a 17% lower mental developmental index in very preterm infants without brain injury

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31480070

Comparison of neonatal intubation practice and outcomes between the neonatal intensive care unit and delivery room

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31563910

Diagnosis of bilirubin encephalopathy in preterm infants with dyskinetic cerebral palsy

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31587006

Lean tissue deficit in preterm infants persists up to 4 months of age: results from a Swedish longitudinal study

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31822002

Prevalence of acute kidney injury in neonates with congenital diaphragmatic hernia

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31639793

Feeding tolerance, intestinal motility, and superior mesenteric artery blood flow in infants with gastroschisis

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31851996

Ventilation with 18, 21, or 100% oxygen during cardiopulmonary resuscitation of asphyxiated piglets: a randomized controlled animal trial

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31896112

Saltatory pattern of fetal heart rate during labor Is a sign of fetal hypoxia

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31846958

Increased carbon monoxide washout rates in newborn infants

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31634890

Evidence-based medicine in neonatology: the need for multifaceted improvements

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31454816

Decreasing number of conclusive neonatal reviews: increasing role for shared decision-making?

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31487740

Newborn with perinatal naphthalene toxicity after maternal ingestion of mothballs during pregnancy https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31751989

American Journal of Perinatology

Impact of maternal obesity on perinatal outcomes in preterm prelabor rupture of membranes ≥34 weeks

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31739369

Delayed achievement of oral feedings is associated with adverse neurodevelopmental outcomes at 18 to 26 months follow-up in preterm infants

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30822799

The utility of soluble cd14 subtype in early diagnosis of culture-proven early-onset neonatal sepsis and prediction of outcome

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30900217

Pediatric residency graduates preparedness for neonatal-perinatal medicine fellowship: the perspective of first-year fellows

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30895576

Utilizing video versus direct laryngoscopy to intubate simulated newborns while contained within the incubator: a randomized crossover study

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30895579

Parental perceptions and behaviors regarding child weight status among toddlers born preterm https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30919396

Correlation between invasive and noninvasive blood pressure measurements in extremely low gestational age newborns

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30895581

Journal of Neonatal-Perinatal Medicine

No new content

Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology

Negativity about the outcomes of extreme prematurity a persistent problem - a survey of health care professionals across the North Queensland region (PDF)

https://mhnpjournal.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s40748-020-00116-0

Neoreviews

Historical perspectives: shared decision making in the NICU

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/21/4/e217

Ventilation strategies in severe bronchopulmonary dysplasia

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/21/4/e226

Neonatal partial liquid ventilation for the treatment and prevention of bronchopulmonary dysplasia https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/21/4/e238

Strategies to prevent severe retinopathy of prematurity: a 2020 update and meta-analysis

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/21/4/e249

Case 1: a term male infant with hypoglycemia and hyperbilirubinemia as initial presentation

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/21/4/e264

Case 2: a term neonate with quiet tachypnea progressing to tachycardia and shock

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/21/4/e267

Case 3: unexpected respiratory failure and hypotonia in a term neonate

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/21/4/e272

Strip of the month: preterm premature rupture of membranes at 27 weeks

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/21/4/e275

Visual diagnosis: term newborn with peeling erythematous rash

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/21/4/e282

Prenatal diagnosis of a ventral abdominal wall defect.

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/21/4/e286

JAMA Pediatrics

It's time to reevaluate the apgar score

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32091567

Neonatal mortality after interhospital transfer of pregnant women for imminent very preterm birth in Illinois

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32065614

Comparative accuracy of developmental screening questionnaires

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32065615

Sustained inflation vs standard resuscitation for preterm infants a systematic review and meta-analysis https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32011661

BMC Pediatrics

Health workers' views on factors affecting caregiver engagement with bubble CPAP (PDF)

https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-020-02088-8

Small for gestational age is a risk factor for thyroid dysfunction in preterm newborns (PDF)

https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-020-02089-7

Autosomal dominant transmission of transient neonatal lactic acidosis: a case report (PDF)

https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-020-02085-x

Oral nystatin prophylaxis to prevent systemic fungal infection in very low birth weight preterm infants: a randomized controlled trial (PDF)

https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-020-02074-0

Study protocol: NeoCLEAR: Neonatal Champagne Lumbar punctures Every time – An RCT: a multicentre, randomised controlled 2×2 factorial trial to investigate techniques to increase lumbar puncture success (PDF)

https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-020-02050-8

Comparison of facilitated tucking and oral dextrose in reducing the pain of heel stick in preterm infants: a randomized clinical trial (PDF)

https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-020-2020-7

Cause and predictors of neonatal mortality among neonates admitted to neonatal intensive care units of public hospitals in eastern Ethiopia: a facility-based prospective follow-up study (PDF)

https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-020-02051-7

Longer shared parental leave is associated with longer duration of breastfeeding: a cross-sectional study among Swedish mothers and their partners (PDF)

https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-020-02065-1

The effect of sleeping position on heart rate variability in newborns (PDF)

https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-020-02056-2

Community initiated kangaroo mother care and early child development in low birth weight infants in India-a randomized controlled trial (PDF)

https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-020-02046-4

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 $\label{thm:condition} \mbox{Moral distress of clinicians in Canadian pediatric and neonatal ICU's}$

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