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Section on Neonatal-Perinatal Medicine

ARTICLES OF INTEREST – December 2020

Simulation education for preterm infant delivery room management at community hospitals
Barbato AL, Wetzel EA, Li W, et al. *Pediatrics.*

25 community hospitals in Indiana participated in simulation-based training on resuscitation and thermoregulation methods for preterm deliveries. Participants included nurses, physicians, respiratory therapists, midwives, and CNRAs in hospitals with level I or II OB services. A pretest was followed by 2 simulated resuscitations facilitated by the Indiana University Neonatal Outreach Simulation team and a posttest. The simulations were scored; follow-up education and assessment was performed 11-18 months later. There was significant knowledge improvement from the pretest to the posttest. There was also significant improvement in performance scores from the 1st to 2nd scenario for both total score and thermoregulation score. On follow-up assessment, participants retained significant improvement compared to the initial 1st scenario and showed improved performance scores after follow-up education. The authors conclude that simulation education can improve knowledge and skills in community delivery centers, and improvement is sustained over 1-1.5 years.

Randomized controlled trial of high-flow nasal cannula in preterm infants after extubation
Uchiyama A, Okazaki K, Kondo M, et al. *Pediatrics.*

In a noninferiority trial across 6 tertiary NICUs in Japan, 372 infants were randomized to post-extubation respiratory support with either HFNC 2-8 L/min or NCPAP/NIPPV with PEEP 4-5 and PIP ≤4 cm above PEEP. HFNC was delivered via Optiflow Jr and NCPAP/NIPPV was delivered via various drivers, but the nasal interfaces were not described. The primary outcome was the receipt of rescue respiratory support within 7 days of extubation. Infants included were born <34 weeks' gestation and extubated prior to 36 weeks PMA. Median ages of extubation were 5 and 6 days. The HFNC group had higher failure rates <72 hours and <7 days after extubation. Histologic chorioamnionitis, PDA treatment, and younger PMA at extubation were associated with increased odds of HFNC failure.

Early treatment versus expectant management of hemodynamically significant patent ductus arteriosus for preterm infants
Mitra S, Scrivens A, von Kursell Am, et al. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev.*

To assess the effectiveness and safety of early versus expectant management for a hemodynamically significant (hs) -PDA in reducing mortality and morbidity in preterm infants, the authors searched clinical trial databases, conference proceedings, and the reference lists of retrieved articles for quasi- and randomized controlled trials (RCT). From the 14 RCTs analyzed in the meta-analysis, the authors found early treatment of hs-PDA probably does not reduce mortality in preterm infants (moderate-certainty evidence).

Protective effects of resveratrol on hyperoxia-induced lung injury in neonatal rats by alleviating apoptosis and ROS production
Zhu X, Lei X, Wang J, et al. *J Matern Fetal Neonatal Med.*

Given that resveratrol (RES) exerts anti-inflammatory, antioxidant, and anti-apoptosis effects, the authors exposed neonatal rats to 80% O2 with or without RES. They found RES alleviated hyperoxia-induced alveolar simplification and apoptosis by reducing ROS production and p53 and acetyl-p53 expression and the induced SIRT1. These findings show the protective effects against hyperoxic lung injury.

Higher or lower hemoglobin transfusion thresholds for preterm infants
Kirpalani H, Bell EF, Hintz SR, et al. *N Engl J Med.*

This was an open randomized multicenter trial where infants with birth weight ≤ 1000g and gestational age between 22 weeks and 28 6/7 weeks were randomized within 48 hours after delivery to receive red-cell (PRBC) transfusions at higher or lower hemoglobin thresholds until 36 weeks postmenstrual age or discharge, whichever occurred first. The primary outcome was a composite of death or neurodevelopmental impairment (cognitive delay, cerebral palsy, or hearing or vision loss) at 22 to 26 months corrected gestational age. 1824 infants were randomized with final outcome data available for 1692 infants (92.8%). There was a between-group difference of 1.9 g per deciliter in the pre-transfusion mean hemoglobin levels throughout the treatment period, however- there were no differences in outcomes. The authors conclude that in extremely-low-birth-weight infants, a higher hemoglobin threshold for red-cell transfusion did not improve survival without neurodevelopmental impairment at 22 to 26 months of age, corrected for prematurity.

Perinatal maternal-fetal/neonatal transmission of COVID-19: a guide to safe maternal and neonatal care in the era of COVID-19 and physical distancing
Altendahl M, Afshar Y, de St Maurice A, et al. *Neoreviews.*

The aim of this review is to summarize the clinical presentation, diagnosis, and outcomes of COVID-19 in pregnant women and neonates, who may be especially vulnerable to the effects of COVID-19, and to discuss what is known about potential maternal-fetal and maternal-neonatal transmission of SARS-CoV-2.

Effect of fentanyl boluses on cerebral oxygenation and hemodynamics in preterm infants: a prospective observational study
Mitra S, Babadagli ME, Hatfield T, et al. *Neonatology.*

This is a single center prospective observational study evaluating the effect of a fentanyl bolus (1-2 µg/kg/dose) in preterm infants (<37wks), on the regional cerebral oxygen saturation (RcSO2), cerebral fractional tissue oxygen extraction (cFTOE) and left ventricular output (LVO) as compared with pre-administration baseline in preterm infants. Twenty eight infants were enrolled [median GA 28 weeks (IQR 25-29 weeks), median age 4 days (IQR 3-7days)]. No significant difference was noted between baseline and post-fentanyl cerebral oxygenation, tissue oxygen extraction or cardiac output measures ($p > 0.05$). The authors conclude that fentanyl bolus for procedural pain does not significantly alter the above measures.

Use of azithromycin for the prevention of lung injury in mechanically ventilated preterm neonates: A randomized controlled trial
Nunes CR , Procianoy RS, Corso AL, et al. *Neonatology.*

This is a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial to evaluate the anti-inflammatory effect of azithromycin in preventing mechanical ventilation (MV)-induced lung injury in VLBW preterm neonates who received invasive mechanical ventilation (MV) within 72 h. Patients were randomized to receive intravenous azithromycin (10/mg/kg/day for 5 days; n=40) or placebo (0.9% saline; n=40) within 12 h of the start of MV. Serum IL-2 and IL-8 dropped significantly in the Azithromycin group five days after last dose. Death and O2 dependency at 28 days/death were significantly reduced in azithromycin group regardless of the detection of Ureaplasma in blood.

Early use of antibiotics is associated with a lower incidence of necrotizing enterocolitis in preterm, very low birth weight infants: The NEOMUNE-NeoNutriNet cohort study
Li Y, Shen RL, Ayede AI, et al. *J Pediatr.*

This multicenter trial from 13 neonatal centers evaluated 2831 VLBW (<1500g) infants included in the NEOMUNE-NeoNutriNet cohort. The incidence of NEC was 9.0% in the group of infants who did not receive early antibiotics (defined as within the first 3 postnatal days) compared with 3.9% in those who did not receive antibiotics. The incidence remained lower in the early antibiotic group after stepwise statistical adjustments for NICU (OR, 0.57; 95% CI, 0.35-0.94, P < .05) and other potential confounders (OR, 0.25; 95% CI, 0.12-0.47; P < .0001).

Safety of sildenafil in premature infants with severe bronchopulmonary dysplasia (SILDI-SAFE): a multicenter, randomized, placebo-controlled, sequential dose-escalating, double-masked, safety study
Schneider S, Bailey M, Spears T, et al. *BMC Pediatr.*

Pulmonary hypertension is a deadly complication of bronchopulmonary dysplasia, the most common pulmonary morbidity of prematurity. Sildenafil, a potent pulmonary vasodilator, may provide a beneficial effect on premature lungs through improved alveolarization and preserved vascular development. The investigators have designed a multicenter, randomized, placebo-controlled, sequential dose-escalating, double masked, safety trial in order to generate safety, pharmacokinetics, and preliminary effectiveness data on sildenafil in a population of premature infants with severe bronchopulmonary dysplasia at risk for pulmonary hypertension. Results from the study will be used by investigators to inform the design of a pivotal efficacy trial.

OTHER NOTEWORTHY PUBLICATIONS – November, 2020

COVID-19
Maternal, perinatal and neonatal outcomes with Covid-19: a multicenter study of 242 pregnancies and their 248 infant newborns during their first month of life
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32947599
The direct and indirect impact of SARS-CoV-2 infections on neonates
a series of 26 cases in Bangladesh
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33031143
Congenital SARS-CoV-2 infection in a neonate with severe acute respiratory syndrome
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33060519
Newborn dried blood spots for serologic surveys of COVID-19
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33105339
Is vertical transmission of SARS-CoV-2 infection possible in preterm triplet pregnancy? A case series
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33006879
An uninfected preterm newborn inadvertently fed SARS0-COV-2–positive breast milk
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32843439
A newborn with coronavirus (COVID-19) disease: A brief report
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32925114

Perinatal maternal-fetal/neonatal transmission of COVID-19: a guide to safe maternal and neonatal care in the era of COVID-19 and physical distancing
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33262205
Best practices for COVID-19–positive or exposed mothers—Breastfeeding and pumping milk
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33104195
COVID-19 testing, personal protective equipment, and staffing strategies vary at obstetrics centers across the country
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32979850
Coronavirus disease 2019 in pregnancy was associated with maternal morbidity and preterm birth
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32553908

Pediatrics
Randomized controlled trial of high-flow nasal cannula in preterm infants after extubation
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33214331
Simulation education for preterm infant delivery room management at community hospitals
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33208495
Health of newborns and infants born to women with disabilities: the life course perspective
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33203647
Health of newborns and infants born to women with disabilities: a meta-analysis
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33203648
Our responsibility to follow through for NICU infants and their families
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32546582
A quality improvement intervention to reduce postoperative opiate use in neonates
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33184168

Journal of Pediatrics
Early antibiotic therapy and adverse outcomes in preterm infants: Time for a trial!
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32693104
Cerebral oxygenation and autoregulation in preterm infants (Early NIRS Study)
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32818482
Neonatal abstinence syndrome severity index predicts 18-Month neurodevelopmental outcome in neonates randomized to morphine or methadone
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32805259
Prevalence and utility of low mean corpuscular volume in infants admitted to the neonatal intensive care unit
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32702426
Association between neonatal intensive care unit admission and supine sleep positioning, breastfeeding, and postnatal smoking among mothers of late preterm infants
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32698029
Impact of maternal HbA1c levels ≤6% and race in nondiabetic pregnancies on birthweight and early neonatal hypoglycemia
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32800816
Early use of antibiotics is associated with a lower incidence of necrotizing enterocolitis in preterm, very low birth weight infants: The NEOMUNE-NeoNutriNet cohort study
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32553865
Predicting nasal high-flow treatment success in newborn infants with respiratory distress cared for in nontertiary hospitals
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32679201
Evolution of muscular oxygenation during a walking test in preterm children
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32750391
Delayed vs immediate cord clamping changes oxygen saturation and heart rate patterns in the first minutes after birth

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Parental depression symptoms at neonatal intensive care unit discharge and associated risk factors
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32681990
Cost-effectiveness of nusinersen and universal newborn screening for spinal muscular atrophy
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32659229
Optimizing oxygenation of the extremely premature infant during the first few minutes of life: Start low or high?
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32663594
A midline nasal mass in a term neonate
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32707047
An infant presenting with large, asymmetric tongue
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32777218
Bedside airway ultrasound in the evaluation of neonatal stridor
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32771481

Pediatric Research
Editorial: The Sarnat score for neonatal encephalopathy: looking back and moving forward
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32916680
Comment: Translation from animal to clinical studies, choosing the optimal moment
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32074625
Plasma vasopressin levels are closely associated with fetal hypotension and neuronal injury after hypoxia-ischemia in near-term fetal sheep
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32179873
High concentrations of urinary ethanol metabolites in neonatal intensive care unit infants
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32563185
Theophylline dosing and pharmacokinetics for renal protection in neonates with hypoxic–ischemic encephalopathy undergoing therapeutic hypothermia
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32919393
Gut microbiota in neonates with congenital gastrointestinal surgical conditions: a prospective study
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32179871
Hematopoietic cellular aging is not accelerated during the first 2 years of life in children born preterm
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32170191
Prenatal food insecurity post Hurricane Maria is associated with decreased Veillonella in the infant gut
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32172280
Noninvasive optical measurement of microvascular cerebral hemodynamics and autoregulation in the neonatal ECMO patient
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32172282
The relationship between hyperbilirubinemia and the promoter region and first exon of UGT1A1 gene polymorphisms in Vietnamese newborns
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32126570

Archives of Disease in Childhood - Fetal & Neonatal Edition
No relevant content

Journal of Perinatology
A global perspective on parental stress in the neonatal intensive care unit: a meta-analytic study
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32901116
Neonatal Pain, Agitation, and Sedation Scale's use, reliability, and validity: a systematic review
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33009491
A survey of procedural pain assessment and non-pharmacologic analgesic interventions in neonates in Spanish public maternity units
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32873906

Evaluating physiologic outcomes of music interventions in the neonatal intensive care unit: a systematic review
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32737404
Music therapy and retinopathy of prematurity screening: using recorded maternal singing and heartbeat for post exam recovery
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32681063
Joint periviability counseling between neonatology and obstetrics is a rare occurrence
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32859941
Antenatal counseling in the gray zone of viability
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33024254
Neonatal palliative care: perception differences between providers
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32661367
“Quality of life”: parent and neonatologist perspectives
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32214216
Branch pulmonary artery Doppler parameters predict early survival–non-survival in premature rupture of membranes
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32978527
The impact of the Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative on neonatal hypoglycemia
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32963302
Glucose concentrations in enterally fed preterm infants
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32759957
A comparison of the glycemic effects of glucagon using two dose ranges in neonates and infants with hypoglycemia
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32801353
Very low birth weight infants receive full enteral nutrition within 2 postnatal weeks
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32994536
Reducing discomfort of eye drops prior to retinal examination in the neonatal intensive care unit
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33060779
Perspective: Does crossover treatment of control subjects invalidate results of randomized trials of patent ductus arteriosus treatment?
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33024260

Neonatology
Predictors of outcomes in hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy following hypothermia: a meta-analysis
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32235122
How often are patient-important outcomes represented in neonatal randomized controlled trials? An analysis of Cochrane neonatal reviews
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32209794
Use of continuous physiological monitor data to evaluate doxapram therapy in preterm infants
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32841955
*Ultrasound measurements of intracranial structures in growth-restricted neonates with fetal blood flow redistribution: A pilot observational study
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32526754
Indoor climate and air quality in a neonatal intensive care unit
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32604089
Prediction of neurodevelopmental impairment in congenital cytomegalovirus infection by early postnatal magnetic resonance imaging
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32492677
Impact of body position on lung deposition of nebulized surfactant in newborn piglets on nasal continuous positive airway pressure
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32604091
Hepcidin status at 2 months in infants fed breast milk compared with formula
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Effect of fentanyl boluses on cerebral oxygenation and hemodynamics in preterm infants: a prospective observational study
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32640456
Increased use of therapeutic hypothermia in infants with milder neonatal encephalopathy due to presumed perinatal asphyxia
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Maturation of esophageal motility and esophagogastric junction in preterm infants
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32208394
Combined multimodal cerebral monitoring and focused hemodynamic assessment in the first 72 h in extremely low gestational age infants
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32814317
Hospital-acquired viral respiratory tract infections in the neonatal unit: a comparison with other inpatient groups
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32252052
Lost in transition: is early respiratory support in newborn infants the best option?
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32674103
Use of azithromycin for the prevention of lung injury in mechanically ventilated preterm neonates: A randomized controlled trial
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Maternal poppy seed tea ingestion and ensuing neonatal abstinence syndrome
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32629445
A novel variant in G6PD (c.1375C>G) identified from a Hispanic neonate with extreme hyperbilirubinemia and low G6PD enzymatic activity
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32987391

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Factors associated with formula feeding among late preterm neonates
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32521561
Team stress and adverse events during neonatal tracheal intubations: A report from NEAR4NEOS
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31365934
Retrospective analysis of short-term respiratory outcomes of three different steroids used in clinical practice in intubated preterm infants
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Percutaneous inserted venous catheter via femoral vein in extremely low-birth-weight infants: A single-center experience
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Factors that influence longitudinal growth from birth to 18 months of age in infants with gastroschisis
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31365930
The characteristics and outcomes of cardiopulmonary resuscitation within the neonatal intensive care unit based on gestational age and unit level of care
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Investigation of a common clinical approach to poor growth in preterm infants
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31430817
Assessment of mechanical fetal PR interval in intrahepatic cholestasis of pregnancy and Its relationship with the severity of the disease
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31430816

Journal of Neonatal-Perinatal Medicine
Commentary – Severe IVH: Time for newer, earlier interventions to prevent brain injury?
https://content.iospress.com/download/journal-of-neonatal-perinatal-medicine/npm200539?id=journal-of-neonatal-perinatal-medicine%2Fnpm200539
Early exit from neonatal therapeutic hypothermia: A single institution experience using MRI to guide decision-making

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Neonates with hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy treated with hypothermia: Observations in a large Canadian population and determinants of death and/or brain injury
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Assessing pupil reaction to light using ultrasound in a sick neonate with hypoxic ischemic encephalopathy
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Stridor in infants with hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy and whole body hypothermia: A case series
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31985477
Effects of xenon gas on human airway epithelial cells during hyperoxia and hypothermia
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A randomized controlled trial of restricted versus standard fluid management in late preterm and term infants with transient tachypnea of the newborn
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Electrical impedance segmentography: A promising tool for respiratory monitoring?
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32333555
Glycerin suppositories used prophylactically in premature infants (supp): A pilot randomized controlled trial
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The relationship between the location of neonatal clavicular fractures and predisposing factors
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31985476
A review of gestational diabetes mellitus management, risk factors, maternal and neonatal outcomes in two major maternity hospitals in the United Arab Emirates: A report from Dubai
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32568122
Prior breastfeeding experience and infant feeding at discharge among women with pregestational diabetes mellitus
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Experiences of the mothers of infants hospitalized in the neonatal intensive care unit (NICU)
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Early entrapment of fourth ventricle following Pseudomonas meningitis in extreme prematurity: Case report
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A variable presentation of Joubert syndrome: Case report and a brief review
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32651337

Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology
Prevalence and associated factors of early initiation of breastfeeding among women delivered via Cesarean section in South Gondar zone hospitals Ethiopia, 2020 (PDF)
https://mhnpjournal.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s40748-020-00121-3

Neoreviews
Cow's milk protein allergy in term and preterm infants: clinical manifestations, immunologic pathophysiology, and management strategies
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33262206
Immunologic properties of human milk and clinical implications in the neonatal population
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33262207
Vaccination of term and preterm infants
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Case 1: Skin discoloration in a preterm infant with flank mass, hematuria, and thrombocytopenia
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Case 2: A profoundly hypotonic premature infant
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33262210
Case 3: Term infant with delayed meconium passage and bilious emesis

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33262211
Strip of the month: An antepartum emergency
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Visual diagnosis: An unexpected brain lesion in a 2-month-old infant
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33262213
Video corner: Where will you deliver this fetus with an abnormal echocardiogram?
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33262214

JAMA Pediatrics

Addressing childhood poverty in pediatric clinical settings: The neonatal intensive care unit is a missed opportunity
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32926154
Association of gestational age at birth with brain morphometry
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32955580
Association between congenital cytomegalovirus and the prevalence at birth of microcephaly in the United States
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32926077
Association between epidural analgesia during labor and risk of autism spectrum disorders in offspring
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33044486
Combating the hidden health disparity of kernicterus in black infants: A review
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32628268
Association of time with reliability of maternal recall of infant birth weight
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32364580

BMC Pediatrics

Breastfeeding restored the gut microbiota in caesarean section infants and lowered the infection risk in early life (PDF)
https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-020-02433-x.pdf
Gestational weight gain and offspring's cognitive skills: a systematic review and meta-analysis (PDF)
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Can an mhealth clinical decision-making support system improve adherence to neonatal healthcare protocols in a low-resource setting? (PDF)
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Effectiveness of Alberta Family Integrated Care on infant length of stay in level II neonatal intensive care units: a cluster randomized controlled trial (PDF)
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Hemiscrotal agenesis: a novel phenotype of a rare malformation (PDF)
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Value of Galectin-3 assay in children with heart failure secondary to congenital heart diseases: a prospective study (PDF)
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Contemporary epidemiology of rising atrial septal defect trends across USA 1991–2016: a combined ecological geospatiotemporal and causal inferential study (PDF)
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"It brought hope and peace in my heart:" Caregivers perceptions on kangaroo mother care services in Malawi (PDF)
https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-020-02443-9.pdf
Maternal iodine status in a multi-ethnic UK birth cohort: associations with autism spectrum disorder
https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-020-02440-y.pdf
The forehead is a better site than the sternum to check transcutaneous bilirubin during phototherapy in sick infants (PDF)
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Citalopram intoxication in four week old infant (PDF)
https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-020-02439-5.pdf
Hypoxic/ischemic hits predispose to necrotizing enterocolitis in (near) term infants with congenital heart disease: a case control study
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33287760
Intrauterine cytomegalovirus infection: a possible risk for cerebral palsy and related to its clinical features, neuroimaging findings: a retrospective study (PDF)
https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-020-02449-3.pdf
Safety of sildenafil in premature infants with severe bronchopulmonary dysplasia (SILDI-SAFE): a multicenter, randomized, placebo-controlled, sequential dose-escalating, double-masked, safety study.
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Assessment of procedural distress in sedated/intubated children under 3 years old using the newborn infant parasympathetic evaluation: a diagnostic accuracy pilot study
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32740184
Impact of infant positioning on cardiopulmonary resuscitation performance during simulated pediatric cardiac arrest: a randomized crossover study
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32826836
Extubation failure and major adverse events secondary to extubation failure following neonatal cardiac surgery
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32804741

New England Journal of Medicine
Antenatal dexamethasone for early preterm birth in low-resource countries (PDF)
https://www.nejm.org/doi/pdf/10.1056/NEJMoa2022398?articleTools=true
Antenatal glucocorticoids in low-resource settings — who, when, and where? (editorial)
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33369361
Higher or lower hemoglobin transfusion thresholds for preterm infants
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33382931

Lancet
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JAMA
Neurodevelopmental outcomes at age 5 years after prophylactic early high-dose recombinant human erythropoietin for neuroprotection in very preterm infants
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33289818

BMJ
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Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal
Antibiotic utilization and infection among infants with abdominal wall defects
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32826725
A neonate with fungal lung nodules mimicking pulmonary malignancy
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33093427

Pediatric Cardiology
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