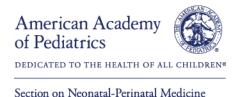
Publications Working Group

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ARTICLES OF INTEREST – May 2019

<u>Sutureless closure: a versatile treatment for the diverse presentations of gastroschisis</u> Grabski DF, Hu Y, Vavolizza RD, et al. *J Perinatol.*

This report is a retrospective study of patients who had gastroschisis closure by sutureless closure or by primary fascial repair at a single institution over seven years. 17 patients had sutureless closure and 28 had primary fascial repair. Sutureless closure uses the curled umbilical cord as a biologic dressing; the technique is described and illustrated. There were no differences in silo placement or the number of days in the silo. The sutureless group had fewer intubated patients and fewer patients under general anesthesia. Time to full feeds and hospital length of stay was similar. The authors conclude that sutureless closure is an effective method for gastroschisis repair.

<u>Tidal volume transmission during non-synchronized nasal intermittent positive pressure ventilation via RAM® cannula</u>

Matlock DN, Bai S, Weisner MD, et al. J Perinatol.

The authors used respiratory inductance plethysmography to measure tidal volume in 14 1-2kg neonates supported with non-synchronized non-invasive positive pressure ventilation using the RAM cannula. Mean NIPPV settings were PIP 22, PEEP 8, delta P 14, and iTime 0.4. With these settings, they found similar tidal volume when the patients' breaths coincided with IMV breaths and when the patients' breaths occurred between IMV breaths. However, the authors report that IMV breaths delivered without patient synchrony produced significantly smaller tidal volume.

<u>Pre-symptomatic targeted treatment of patent ductus arteriosus in preterm newborns: A systematic review and meta-analysis</u>

Farooqui MA, Elsayed YN, Jeyaraman MM, et al. J Neonatal Perinatal Med.

This review and meta-analysis included 7 randomized controlled trials (466 newborns) that compared the use of indomethacin or ibuprofen to placebo for treatment of pre-symptomatic PDA in preterm infants (<32 weeks gestational age and <1500g). The authors found that targeted medical treatment did not significantly reduce mortality rates (RR 0.85, 95% CI 0.50 to 1.43; ARR -2.38%, 95% CI -8.04% to 3.29%; I2 0% 6 studies; 442 newborns), but it did significantly reduce the overall incidence of developing symptomatic PDA (RR 0.39, 95% CI 0.21 to 0.73; ARR -34.3%, 95% CI -50.8% to -17.8%; I2 0%; 3 studies; 97 newborns) compared to placebo.

Outcomes of extremely preterm infants with birth weight less than 400 g

Brumbaugh JE, Hansen NI, Bell EF, et al. JAMA Pediatr.

This retrospective multicenter cohort study analyzed extremely preterm infants born between January 2008 and December 2016 within the National Institute of Child Health and Human Development Neonatal Research Network. Infants with a BW less than 400 g and a GA of 22 to 26 weeks were included. Active treatment was defined as the provision of any potentially lifesaving intervention after birth. Survival was analyzed for the entire cohort; neurodevelopmental impairment (NDI) was examined for those born between January 2008 and December 2015 (birth years with outcomes available for analysis). Infants born with a BW less than 400 g are at high risk of mortality and significant morbidity. Although 21% of infants survived to 18 to 26 months' CA with active treatment, NDI was common among survivors.

Clamping the umbilical cord in premature deliveries (cupid): neuromonitoring in the immediate newborn period in a randomized, controlled trial of preterm infants born at <32 weeks of gestation Finn D, Ryan DH, Pavel A, et al. *J Pediatr*.

In order to compare cerebral activity and oxygenation in preterm infants, forty-five preterm infants born at <32 weeks of gestation were randomized to immediate cord clamping, umbilical cord milking (cord stripped 3 times), or delayed cord clamping for 60 seconds with bedside resuscitation. All infants underwent electroencephalogram (EEG) and cerebral near infrared spectroscopy for the first 72 hours after birth. Neonatal primary outcome measures were quantitative measures of the EEG (17 features) and near infrared spectroscopy over 1-hour time frames at 6 and 12 hours of life. There were no differences in cerebral EEG activity and cerebral oxygenation values between cord management strategies at 6 and 12 hours.

Experimental necrotizing enterocolitis induces neuroinflammation in the neonatal brain Biouss G, Antounians L, Li B, et al. *J Neuroinflammation*.

In this study, authors studied changes that take place to brain cell populations in specific regions of the brain in a neonatal mouse model of NEC. They showed that NEC is associated with severe changes in brain morphology, a pro-inflammatory response in the brain that alters cell homeostasis and density of brain cell populations in specific cerebral regions. They also showed its severity to be directly associated with the severity of NEC.

Prophylactic postnatal corticosteroids: early hydrocortisone

Baud O1 & Watterberg KL. Semin Fetal Neonatal Med.

The authors concluded that based on 4 randomized clinical trials enrolling almost 1000 extremely preterm infants, prophylaxis of early adrenal insufficiency with lose dose hydrocortisone significantly decreased BPD and mortality, as well as medical treatment for a PDA. There was an increase in late onset sepsis which had no adverse effect on mortality or neurodevelopmental outcomes, thus making a strong case for its use.

Nasal high-flow therapy for newborn infants in special care nurseries

Manley BJ, Arnolda GRB, Wright IMR, et al. N Engl J Med.

This is an Australian multicenter randomized non inferiority trial in newborn infants \leq 24hrs of life and \geq 31 weeks gestation and \geq 1200g with respiratory distress comparing bubble CPAP (6-8cm water) and nasal high flow therapy (6-8 L/min). The primary outcome was treatment failure within 72hrs after randomization. The study included 754 infants with a mean GA of 36.9weeks. High flow nasal therapy was not shown to be non-inferior to CPAP with a higher treatment failure compared to CPAP group.

<u>Necrotizing enterocolitis, gut microbiota, and brain development: role of the brain-gut axis</u> Niemarkt HJ, Meij TD, Ganzewinkel C, et al. *Neonatology*

This is a review article discussing the role of gut microbiota in brain development and functioning, and in NEC, as well as gut motility and inflammation. The authors discuss possible mechanisms by which brain development is affected by gut microbiota including neurotransmitter release by gut microbiota, the role of short chain fatty acids in protecting the blood brain barrier, as well as by mediating the immune system by altering cytokine profiles due to altered TLR responses. They further discuss the role of gut microbiota and NEC, as well as the role in neurodevelopment. The authors conclude that microbiota have a direct link to brain functioning and development in preterm infants in addition to NEC.

<u>Comparative effectiveness of drugs used to constrict the patent ductus arteriosus: a secondary analysis of the PDA-TOLERATE trial (NCT01958320)</u>

Liebowitz M, Kaempf J, Erdeve O, et al. J Perinatol.

In this secondary analysis of the multi-center PDA-TOLERATE trial (NCT01958320) the authors evaluated the effectiveness of drugs used to constrict the PDA in newborns <28 weeks. Drug treatments were assigned by center. Indomethacin produced the greatest constriction (compared with spontaneous constriction during conservative management): RR (95% CI) = 3.21 (2.05-5.01), followed by ibuprofen = 2.03 (1.05-3.91), and acetaminophen = 1.33 (0.55-3.24). Acetaminophen induced constriction in 27% alone and 60% when Indomethacin was added on. The authors concluded that Indomethacin was more effective than acetaminophen for this purpose.

Pediatrics

Breastfeeding in infancy and lipid profile in adolescence

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30967484

Sleep-related infant suffocation deaths attributable to soft bedding, overlay, and wedging

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31010907

Home oxygen and 2-year outcomes of preterm infants with bronchopulmonary dysplasia

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30975699

A novel icterometer for hyperbilirubinemia screening in low-resource settings

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30952779

Socioeconomic disadvantage in infancy and academic and self-regulation outcomes

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31036672

Mediators of improved adherence to infant safe sleep using a mobile health intervention

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31015374

Platelet transfusion for PDA closure in preterm infants: a randomized controlled trial

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30940676

Gestational age, birth weight, and outcomes six years after the Norwood procedure

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30979811

Maternal immigrant status and readiness to transition to home from the NICU

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31036673

Communication: the use of oxygen at discharge: Is it safe? Is it effective?

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30975698

Pediatrics perspectives: preventable preterm birth: a patient safety problem

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30940677

Review: cost-effectiveness of palivizumab for respiratory syncytial virus: a systematic review

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31040196

Ethics rounds: infant with trisomy 18 and hypoplastic left heart syndrome

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24313853

Quality reports: reduction in unintended extubations in a level IV neonatal intensive care unit

Journal of Pediatrics

Neonatal intensive care unit medical directors in academic institutions: who are they?

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31027634

Quantification of serum matrix metallopeptide 7 levels may assist in the diagnosis and predict the outcome for patients with biliary atresia

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30853207

Prospective study of physical activity of preterm born children from age 5 to 14 years

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30879733

Thoracic aortic intima-media thickness in preschool children born small for gestational age

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30732998

Cardiac autonomic function in adults born preterm

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30732997

Cardiovascular risk factors in offspring of preeclamptic pregnancies—systematic review and metaanalysis

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30876753

Association of language skills with other developmental domains in extremely, very, and moderately preterm children: epipage 2 cohort study

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30879730

Clamping the umbilical cord in premature deliveries (cupid): neuromonitoring in the immediate newborn period in a randomized, controlled trial of preterm infants born at <32 weeks of gestation https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30879732

Acute vasoreactivity testing during cardiac catheterization of neonates with bronchopulmonary dysplasia-associated pulmonary hypertension

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30871795

Furosemide exposure and prevention of bronchopulmonary dysplasia in premature infants

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30579586

Hospital variation in child protection reports of substance exposed infants

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30770194

Respiratory medications in infants <29 weeks during the first year post discharge: the prematurity and respiratory outcomes program (prop) consortium

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30857774

Discordance in antenatal corticosteroid use and resuscitation following extremely preterm birth

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30738658

Surfactant administration in preterm infants: drug development opportunities

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30580975

Breastfeeding persistence at 6 months: trends and disparities from 2008 to 2015

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30876751

Central line-associated blood stream infections and non–central line-associated blood stream infections surveillance in Canadian tertiary care neonatal intensive care units

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30853200

Assessment of brain injury and brain volumes after post hemorrhagic ventricular dilatation: a nested sub study of the randomized controlled ELVIS trial

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30878207

Higher gestational choline levels in maternal infection are protective for infant brain development https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30879727

Risk factors for complications in children with staphylococcus aureus bacteremia

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30879729

Prenatal maternal psychological distress and offspring risk for recurrent respiratory infections

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30723014

Variation in transcutaneous bilirubin nomograms across population groups

Near-infrared spectroscopy in the diagnostic evaluation of mitochondrial disorders: a neonatal intensive care unit case series

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30853194

Caterpillar sign in an infant with hypertrophic pyloric stenosis

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30723016

Pediatric Research

The definition of a hemodynamically significant ductus arteriosus (PDF)

https://www.nature.com/articles/s41390-019-0342-7

The preterm heart: a unique cardiomyopathy? (PDF)

https://www.nature.com/articles/s41390-019-0301-3

Pulmonary hypertension secondary to congenital diaphragmatic hernia: factors and pathways involved in pulmonary vascular remodeling

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30780153

Pre-Vent: the prematurity-related ventilatory control study

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30733614

Cerebral oxygenation in preterm infants receiving transfusion

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30587847

Ventricular remodeling in preterm infants: computational cardiac magnetic resonance atlasing shows significant early remodeling of the left ventricle

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30758323

The relationship between MMP9 and ADRA2A gene polymorphisms and mothers—newborns' nutritional status: an exploratory path model (STROBE compliant article)

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30791043

The effect of unilateral stroke on autonomic function in the term newborn

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30712058/

Flow cytometry for near-patient testing in premature neonates reveals variation in platelet function: a novel approach to guide platelet transfusion

https://www.nature.com/articles/s41390-019-0316-9

Journal of Perinatology

Comparative effectiveness of drugs used to constrict the patent ductus arteriosus: a secondary analysis of the PDA-TOLERATE trial (NCT01958320)

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30850756

Fetal heart rate, heart rate variability, and heart rate/movement coupling in the Safe Passage Study https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30833637

The Relationship between blood pressure parameters and left ventricular output in neonates

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30770881

Cardiac mechanics in infants with Down syndrome in the early neonatal period

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30911081

Who's counting? Assessing the effects of a simulation-based training intervention on the accuracy of neonatal heart rate auscultation

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30770884

Adrenal insufficiency in neonates undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass and postoperative hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal function after prophylactic glucocorticoids

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30867544

Left ventricular cardiac output is a reliable predictor of extracorporeal life support in neonates with congenital diaphragmatic hernia

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30837654

Comparison of early postnatal prediction models for survival in congenital diaphragmatic hernia

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30770879

In-hospital outcomes of neonates with hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy receiving extracorporeal membrane oxygenation

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30842551

Sutureless closure: a versatile treatment for the diverse presentations of gastroschisis

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30692617

Association of chorioamnionitis and its duration with neonatal morbidity and mortality

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30723279

Correction: Association of chorioamnionitis and its duration with neonatal morbidity and mortality https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30842550

Hospital-acquired viral respiratory infections in neonates hospitalized since birth in a tertiary neonatal intensive care unit

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30723275

Diagnosis of congenital/perinatal infections by neonatologists: a national survey

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30914779

Trends in the incidence, mortality, and cost of neonatal herpes simplex virus hospitalizations in the United States from 2003 to 2014

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30911082

Differential effects of the retinopathy of prematurity exam on the physiology of premature infants https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30755719

Outcomes of preterm infants conceived with in vitro fertilization

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30723282

Tidal volume transmission during non-synchronized nasal intermittent positive pressure ventilation via RAM® cannula

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30755718

Use of very low tidal volumes during high-frequency ventilation reduces ventilator lung injury

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30770883

Association between maternal serious mental illness and adverse birth outcomes

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30850757

Neonatal postgraduate training program for physician assistants: meeting a need in neonatal care

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30858612

Is early caffeine therapy safe and effective for ventilated preterm infants?

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30770880

Should we target higher or lower oxygen saturation targets in the preterm infant?

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30692618

Neonatology

Integrating parents in neonatal and pediatric research

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30799397

Type of re-hospitalization and association with neonatal morbidities in infants of very low birth weight https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30808837

Group B Streptococcus colonization in late pregnancy and invasive infection in neonates in China: a population-based 3-year study

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30808831

Long-term neurodevelopmental and functional outcomes of infants born very preterm and/or with a very low birth weight (PDF)

https://www.karger.com/Article/Pdf/495133

A prospective study evaluating the effects of SSRI exposure on cardiac size and function in newborns https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30836356

Patient, family, and center-based factors associated with attrition in neonatal clinical research: a prospective study

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30836358

A systematic ultrasound evaluation of the diameter of deep veins in the newborn: results and implications for clinical practice

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30878998

Professionals' practices and views regarding neonatal postmortem: can we improve consent rates by improving training?

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30879004

Routine use of topical coconut oil in extremely preterm infants

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30893704

The effect of morbidity and sex on postnatal growth of very preterm infants: a multicenter cohort study https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30893696

Neuromodulatory effect of nlrp3 and asc in neonatal hypoxic ischemic encephalopathy

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Very preterm infants with technological dependence at home: impact on resource use and family https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30909270

Lack of evidence for time or dose relationship between antenatal magnesium sulfate and intestinal injury in extremely preterm neonates

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Sharing Progress In Neonatology (SPIN): a critical appraisal of our current knowledge (PDF)

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Bronchopulmonary dysplasia: 50 years after the original description

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The changing landscape in supporting preterm infants at birth (PDF)

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Immuno-nutrition for preterm infants

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30974431

What is new about transfusions for preterm infants? An update

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Novel surfactant administration techniques: will they change outcome?

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Necrotizing enterocolitis, gut microbiota, and brain development: role of the brain-gut axis

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European consensus guidelines on the management of respiratory distress syndrome – 2019 update (PDF)

https://www.karger.com/Article/Pdf/499361

American Journal of Perinatology

Association of antenatal depression with clinical subtypes of preterm birth

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30551235

Opioid detoxification in pregnancy: systematic review and meta-analysis of perinatal outcomes https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30231274

Prenatal prediction of difficult intubation in periviable neonates using standard fetal biometric parameters

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30231272

The role of umbilical cord blood concentration of IGF-i, IGF-ii, leptin, adiponectin, ghrelin, resistin, and visfatin in fetal growth

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30282106

PaO2/FiO2 ratio as predictor of mortality in neonates with meconium aspiration syndrome

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30282105

Association between gestational weight gain adequacy and adverse maternal and neonatal outcomes https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30282104

Risk of ischemic placental disease in relation to family history of preeclampsia

The association between maternal height, body mass index, and perinatal outcomes

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30292175

A mystery of patent ductus arteriosus and serum osmolality in preterm infants

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30292174

Are women with a history of low PAPP-A at risk for adverse perinatal outcomes in a subsequent pregnancy?

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30336500

Journal of Neonatal-Perinatal Medicine

Pre-symptomatic targeted treatment of patent ductus arteriosus in preterm newborns: A systematic review and meta-analysis

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30040749

Enteral feeding in duct-dependent congenital heart disease

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30347623

Evaluation of vancomycin target trough attainment with published dosing regimens in the neonatal intensive care unit population

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30149480

Prophylactic regimens with fluconazole for candidiasis in neonates under 1.500g: A retrospective chart review of two cohort

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30958318

Association between clinical chorioamnionitis and histological funisitis at term

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30040750

The severity and associated comorbidities of retinopathy of prematurity among micro-premature infants with birth weights less than 750 grams

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30400108

Outcomes of upper extremity versus lower extremity placed peripherally inserted central catheters in a medical-surgical neonatal intensive care unit

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30149479

Features of serial cranial ultrasound detected neuropathology in very preterm infants

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30149481

The association between AB blood group and neonatal disease

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30347622

Neonatologists less frequently discuss long term complications: A simulation-based study of prenatal consults beyond the threshold of viability

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30373964

Impact of red blood cell transfusions on intestinal barrier function in preterm infants

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30412507

Central diabetes insipidus: A rare complication of IVH in a very low birth weight preterm infant

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30530977

Natural drugs, not so natural effects: Neonatal abstinence syndrome secondary to 'kratom'

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30149482

Regional analgesia in neonates undergoing thoracoabdominal surgeries: A pilot study

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30320598

Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology

Evidence-based design for neonatal units: a systematic review (PDF)

https://mhnpjournal.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s40748-019-0101-0

Neoreviews

Educational perspectives: toward more effective neonatal resuscitation: assessing and improving clinical skills

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/20/5/e248

The neonatal microbiome and metagenomics: what do we know and what is the future?

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/20/5/e258

Genetic approaches to bronchopulmonary dysplasia

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/20/5/e272

Navigating newborn screening in the NICU: a user's guide

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/20/5/e280

Case 1: dome-shaped papules and nodules in monozygotic twins

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/20/5/e292

Case 2: seizures, apnea, lethargy, and persistent hiccups in a full-term newborn

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/20/5/e295

Case 3: bradycardia in a vigorous newborn

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/20/5/e298

Visual diagnosis: an extremely preterm neonate with gray plaques on the back

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/20/5/e302

Strip of the month: pregnancy complicated by type 2 diabetes mellitus

https://neoreviews.aappublications.org/content/20/5/e306

JAMA Pediatrics

Considerations to guide treatment decisions for infants born weighing less than 400 g

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30907959

Racial segregation and inequality of care in neonatal intensive care units is unacceptable

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30907946

Association of infant temperament with subsequent obesity in young children of mothers with gestational diabetes mellitus

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30855657

Outcomes of extremely preterm infants with birth weight less than 400 g

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30907941

Racial segregation and inequality in the neonatal intensive care unit for very low-birth-weight and very preterm infants

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30907924

Cost-effectiveness of antenatal corticosteroid therapy vs no therapy in women at risk of late preterm delivery: a secondary analysis of a randomized clinical trial

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30855640

Self-reported quality of life at middle school age in survivors of very preterm birth: results from the caffeine for apnea of prematurity trial

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30830144

Comparing folic acid dosage strengths to prevent reduction in fetal size among pregnant women who smoked cigarettes: a randomized clinical trial

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30882856

BMC Pediatrics

Prenatal alcohol exposure and infant gross motor development: a prospective cohort study (PDF) https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-019-1516-5

Prospective observational study of early respiratory management in preterm neonates less than 35 weeks of gestation (PDF)

https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-019-1518-3

Impact of a standardized protocol for the Management of Prolonged Neonatal Jaundice in a regional setting: an interventional quasi-experimental study (PDF)

https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-019-1550-3

Evaluation of two SpO2 alarm strategies during automated FiO2control in the NICU: a randomized crossover study (PDF)

https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-019-1496-5

MAMI: a birth cohort focused on maternal-infant microbiota during early life (PDF)

https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/track/pdf/10.1186/s12887-019-1502-y

Pediatric Critical Care Medicine

Therapeutic hypothermia after perinatal asphyxia in infants with severe, ductal-dependent congenital heart disease

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30676491

New England Journal of Medicine

Nasal high-flow therapy for newborn infants in special care nurseries

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31116919

Question-mark appearance of the colon

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/?term=31116921

Lancet

Maternal and perinatal mortality and complications associated with caesarean section in low-income and middle-income countries: a systematic review and meta-analysis

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30929893

Dog licks baby. Baby gets Pasteurella multocida meningitis

https://www.thelancet.com/journals/lancet/article/PIIS0140-6736(19)30953-5/fulltext

JAMA

Sky-high mortality rates from cesarean delivery in Africa

https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jama/fullarticle/2733984

Association of gestational weight gain with adverse maternal and infant outcomes

https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jama/fullarticle/2732571

BMJ

Preterm birth and risk of chronic kidney disease from childhood into mid-adulthood: national cohort study (PDF)

https://www.bmj.com/content/bmj/365/bmj.l1346.full.pdf

Association between Apgar scores of 7 to 9 and neonatal mortality and morbidity: population based cohort study of term infants in Sweden (PDF)

https://www.bmj.com/content/bmj/365/bmj.l1656.full.pdf

A neonate with bilious emesis (PDF)

https://www.bmj.com/content/bmj/365/bmj.l1351.full.pdf

An estimated one in seven babies is born with a low birthweight (PDF)

https://www.bmj.com/content/bmj/365/bmj.l2210.full.pdf

Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal

Epidemiology of meningitis in Canadian neonatal intensive care units.

Maternal perinatal HIV infection is associated with increased infectious morbidity in HIV-exposed uninfected infants

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Predictors of perinatal HIV transmission among women without prior antiretroviral therapy in a resource-limited setting

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Is polymerase chain reaction in neonatal dried blood spots reliable for the diagnosis of congenital cytomegalovirus infection?

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30199483

Minimum duration of antibiotic treatment based on blood culture in rule out neonatal sepsis https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30169482

Pediatric Neurology

Vacuum extraction in preterm deliveries and long-term neurological outcome of the offspring https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30770270

Arrest of fetal brain development in ALG 11-congenital disorder of glycosylation

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30770273

Cerebral hemodynamics during neonatal cerebrospinal fluid removal

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30718162

Functional connectivity in term neonates with hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy undergoing therapeutic hypothermia

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30792031

Obstetrics and Gynecology

Maternal and neonatal morbidity associated with early term delivery of large-for-gestational-age but nonmacrosomic neonates

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31083124

ACOG committee opinion no. 778 summary: newborn screening and the role of the obstetrician-gynecologist

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American Journal of Obstetrics & Gynecology

Delayed clamping vs milking of umbilical cord in preterm infants: a randomized controlled trial https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30786254

Prediction of small for gestational age neonates: screening by maternal factors, fetal biometry, and biomarkers at 35–37 weeks' gestation

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M281, an anti-FcRn antibody, inhibits IgG transfer in a human ex vivo placental perfusion model https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30849355

BASIC SCIENCE SELECTIONS

Strain-dependent effects on lung structure, matrix remodeling and Stat3/Smad2 signaling in C57BL/6N and C57BL/6J mice after neonatal hyperoxia

Will JP, Hirani DV, Thielen F, et al. Am J Physiol Regul Integr Comp Physiol.

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Beneficial effects of remifentanil against excitotoxic brain damage in newborn mice Chollat C, Lecointre M, Leuillier M, et al. *Front Neurol*. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31068895

The protective influence of chondroitin sulfate, a component of human milk, on intestinal bacterial invasion and translocation

Burge KY, Hannah L, Eckert JV, et al. J Hum Lact.

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Long noncoding RNAs interact with mRNAs: a new perspective on the mechanism of premature brain injury

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ADDITIONAL JOURNAL SELECTIONS

Correlation between cardiorespiratory events and gastro-esophageal reflux in preterm and term infants: Analysis of predisposing factors

Nobile S, Marchionni P, Noviello C, et al. Early Hum Dev.

Neural feedback is insufficient in preterm infants during neurally adjusted ventilatory assist Nam SK, Lee J, Jun YH, et al. *Pediatr Pulmonol*.

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